

Lesson Three : Writing Paragraph

1.What is a good paragraph ?

A good paragraph is composed of a topic sentence (or key sentence), relevant supporting sentences, and a closing (or transition) sentence. This structure is key to keeping your paragraph focused on the main idea and creating a clear and concise image.

2.How to struct a good paragraph ?

- 1- **Make the first sentence of your topic sentence.** The first line of your first paragraph sets up what information is to come as your audience reads on. Even in fiction, the introduction of a paragraph either establishes an idea or scenario or continues one from the paragraph before. Regardless of what format or genre you're writing for, every good paragraph starts with a central focus that the rest of the paragraph will aim to support
- 2- **Provide support via the middle sentences.** These sentences include follow-up information to your key sentence or previous paragraph. Whatever idea you aim to convey, these sentences are where you convince your reader to believe or envision what you do, and give them everything they need to see your point of view.
- 3- **Make your last sentence a conclusion or transition.** Even if it's not at the end of the piece, a conclusive sentence can refer to the last line of its own paragraph, which concludes a particular idea or train of thought before moving on to start a new line for the next paragraph. This next paragraph can continue on the same idea, but the ending of each paragraph should briefly summarize the information that was provided before moving on.
- 4- **Use transition words.** Transition words help tie together separate paragraphs, connecting them to form a coherent idea. Phrases like "in addition" or "moreover" can help readers track your ideas and understand how they relate to each other, making for a smoother, more pleasant reading experience.

Some Useful Transition Words to write a good Paragraph

- **To show addition:** again, and, also, besides, equally important, first (second, etc.), further, furthermore, in addition, in the first place, moreover, next, too
- **To give examples:** for example, for instance, in fact, specifically, that is, to illustrate
- **To compare:** also, in the same manner, likewise, similarly

- **To contrast:** although, and yet, at the same time, but, despite, even though, however, in contrast, in spite of, nevertheless, on the contrary, on the other hand, still, though, yet
- **To summarize or conclude:** all in all, in conclusion, in other words, in short, in summary, on the whole, that is, therefore, to sum up
- **To show time:** after, afterward, as, as long as, as soon as, at last, before, during, earlier, finally, formerly, immediately, later, meanwhile, next, since, shortly, subsequently, then, thereafter, until, when, while
- **To show place or direction:** above, below, beyond, close, elsewhere, farther on, here, nearby, opposite, to the left (north, etc.)
- **To indicate a logical relationship:** accordingly, as a result, because, consequently, for this reason, hence, if, otherwise, since, so, then, therefore, thus

3. How many types of paragraphs?

Paragraphs are mainly written in 4 types. The type of paragraphs are as follows:

1. Narrative Paragraph,
2. Descriptive Paragraph,
3. Expository Paragraph, and
4. Persuasive Paragraph

4. What are the 5 basic elements of a paragraph?

Want to write a good paragraph about the selected topic? Then, you should write a paragraph with these 5 elements of a paragraph. Those elements are **Unity** الوحدة, **Coherence** التناسق, **A Topic Sentence** جملة الموضوع, and **Adequate Development** الانشاء المناسب .

5. How many sentences in a paragraph have?

Most of the students determine paragraphs concerning length. A paragraph is a group of at least **three to five sentences** not more than that. Indeed, the unity and coherence of thoughts among sentences are what organizes a paragraph.

Example : Health Is Wealth (Yellow color is for topic sentence, Green for supporting sentences, pink is for concluding sentence)

The well being of a person is way greater than the wealth they have. People don't understand the phrase 'health is wealth' at a young age when they torture their body as they wish to and expect that there would be no consequences. The health effects start bothering you once you grow older. Several problems in the body start showing up, and one has to then suffer from a lot of pain. This pain and adverse effects of unhealthiness cannot be cured by money; therefore, it is proven that a person's true wealth is having a healthy body and mind, which is to be earned by following a healthy lifestyle.