

EX01

① Hydrogèneoïde: est un atome qui a perdu tous ses électrons sauf un.

ex:  $\overset{+1}{\text{H}}\overset{+2}{\text{Li}}$  et  $\overset{+3}{\text{Be}}$  (0,25)

② Période: même  $n$ ,  $Z^{\uparrow} \Rightarrow F \rightarrow R$  (0,25)

Colonne:  $n^{\uparrow}$  et  $Z^{\uparrow} \Rightarrow R^{\uparrow}$  (0,25)

③ 3<sup>ème</sup> niveau E: 3s 3p 3d  
s: 2e, p: 6e et d: 10e (0,25)

$\Rightarrow$  nbr d'é: 18 e (0,15)

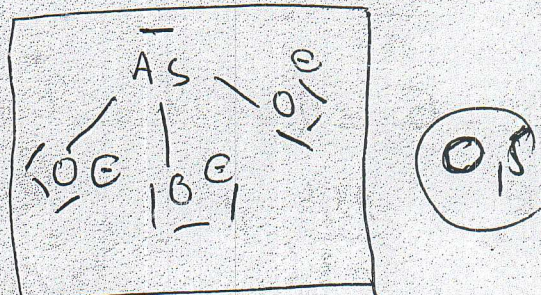
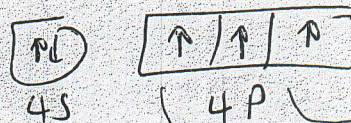
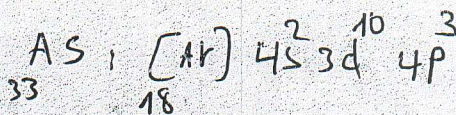
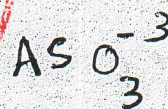
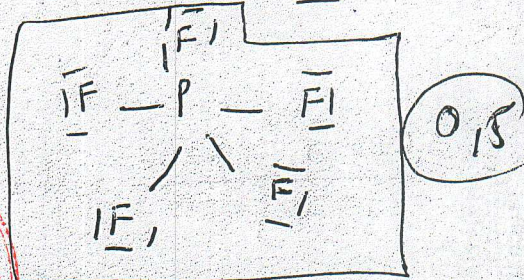
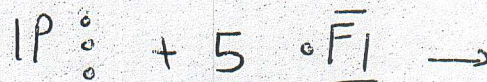
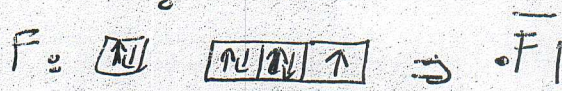
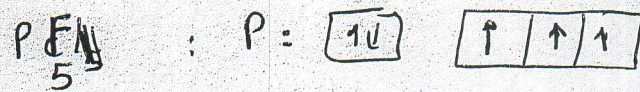
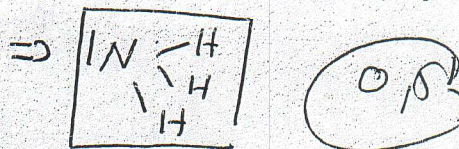
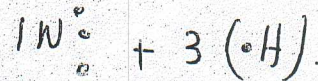
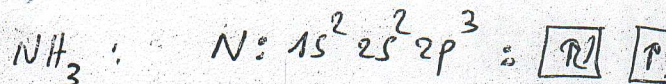
- 4) a) F e) V  
b) F f) = F  
c) V  
d) V

EX02

Atome	CE	Période	G/Sg
9F	$1s^2 2s^2 2p^5$	2	A VII
15P	$[\text{Ne}] 3s^2 3p^3$	3	A V
19K	$[\text{Ar}] 4s^1$	4	A I
24Cr	$[\text{Ar}] 3d^5 4s^1$	4	B VI
47Ag	$[\text{Kr}] 4d^10 5s^1$	5	B I

- b) Halogène: F (0,25)  
élément de transition: Cr Ag (0,25)  
Alcalin: K (0,25)

c) l'orbital de Lewis



$\rightarrow NH_3 \rightarrow NH_3^+ \rightarrow$  Pyramide Trigonale (0,25)

$Pd_5 \rightarrow AX_5 \rightarrow$  Bipyramide trigonale (0,25)

Exo3 (5P)

A)  $\Delta E = E_1 \left( \frac{1}{n_1^2} - \frac{1}{n_2^2} \right)$  ( $E_1 = 13,6 \text{ eV}$ ) (0,25)

$\begin{cases} n_1 = 1 \\ n_2 = 3 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \Delta E = 12,08 \text{ eV}$  (1)

$\Delta E = 12,08 \times 1,6 \times 10^{-19} = 19,34 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$

$\Delta E = \frac{hc}{\lambda} \Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{hc}{\Delta E}$  (0,25)

$\lambda = \frac{6,62 \times 10^{-34} \times 3 \times 10^8}{19,34 \times 10^{-19}} \Rightarrow \lambda = 1,026 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$  (0,25)  
 $\lambda = 1026 \text{ \AA}$

B)  $\begin{cases} \frac{1}{\lambda} = 0,176 \times 10^9 \left( \frac{1}{n_1^2} - \frac{1}{n_2^2} \right) \\ \frac{1}{\lambda} = R_H z^2 \left( \frac{1}{n_1^2} - \frac{1}{n_2^2} \right) \end{cases}$  (0,25)

$\Rightarrow R_H z^2 = 0,176 \times 10^9 \Rightarrow z^2 = 16$

et  $z = 4$  ;  $Be^{+3}$  ( $q = +3$ ) (0,25)

C -  $H_2$  ;  $1s^2$

$E_{1s} = -\frac{13,6}{n^2} z^2$  (0,25)

$z^* = z - \sigma = 2 - 0,31 \Rightarrow z^* = 1,69$

$\Rightarrow E_{1s} = -\frac{13,6}{1^2} z^{*2} \Rightarrow E_{1s} = -38,84 \text{ eV}$  (0,25)

$E_T = 2 E_{1s} \Rightarrow E_T = -77,68 \text{ eV}$

Exo4

\*  $F_m = F_c \Rightarrow q^2 B = \frac{m v^2}{R}$  (0,25)

$\Rightarrow q B = \frac{m v}{R}$  et  $m = \frac{M}{N_A}$

$\Rightarrow R = \frac{M v}{N_A q B}$  ( $q = e$ ) (0,25)

$R_1 = \frac{M_1 v}{N_A e B}$  et  $R_2 = \frac{M_2 v}{N_A e B}$

$R_2 - R_1 = \frac{d}{z}$  (0,25)

$R_2 - R_1 = \frac{v}{N_A e B} (M_2 - M_1)$  (0,25)

$\Rightarrow v = \frac{N_A e B d}{2 (M_2 - M_1)}$  (1)

$v = 2,89 \times 10^5 \text{ m/s}$  (0,15)

$e = 1,6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$

$M_2 = 21 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$

$M_1 = 20 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$

$N_A = 6,023 \times 10^{23}$

